

History Vision Map

Year 6 – Anglo Saxons

410 - 1066

Crucial Knowledge

- The Anglo-Saxons were from northern Germany, Denmark and the Netherlands.
- They were made up of three groups who invaded Britain: The Jutes, The Angles and the Saxons.
- Sutton Hoo (Suffolk), is eleven mounds where a ship was buried. It is an important site as it tells us about the Anglo-Saxons.
- King Ethelbert was a king who converted to Christianity and 'paved the way' (started) for Christianity to be the religion across Britain.
- 'Alfred the Great' organised peace with the Vikings.
- This time is sometimes called the 'dark ages' because there isn't a lot of historical knowledge but there are lots of legends (stories).

Intent

- Recap: Vikings (Year 4) and establish position of Anglo-Saxons on the history timeline. Highlight the difference and overlap with the Vikings.
- The arrival of the Anglo-Saxons
- Recordings and evidence from this time period
- Sutton Hoo
- Settlements
- Society and daily life
- Religious conversion – King Ethelbert
- Alfred the Great
- The Battle of Hastings
- The end of an era and arrival of William the Conqueror