Collective Vision Trust

English Reading Curriculum Year by Year



Letters and Phonics

Words

Text

Reading Skill

Understanding Reading

Talking About Reading

English EYFS Reading Crucial Knowledge Overview

letter

a mark which has a name and a sound. There are 26

word

a group of letters to make meaning

phonics

a way of teaching reading by knowing the sounds of letters

phoneme

smallest unit of sound within a word.

There are 44

digraph

two letters that make a single sound

rhyme

where words have or end in the same sound

find

look for

English Year 1 Reading Crucial Knowledge Overview

letter

a mark which has a name and a sound. There are 26

vowel

aeiou

consonant

letters which are not vowels

word

a group of letters to make meaning

phoneme

smallest unit of sound within a word. There are 44

phonics

a way of teaching reading using the sounds of letters

digraph

two letters that make a single sound *E.g. sh*

trigraph

three letters that make a single sound E.g. igh

high frequency words (HFW)

words that are used often

common exception words (CEW)

words that cannot be sounded out using phonics

text

writing

non-fiction

text about real things, gives information (E.g. Instructions)

fiction

text about imaginary things – not true (E.g. a story)

fluency

reading words without stopping to 'sound them out'

rhyme

where words have or end in the same sound

verse

grouping of words in a poem

find and copy

look for and copy **exactly**

what

a thing (something), asks for information

sequence

things are in an order

predict

tell what might happen based on things you already know

when

a time

who

a person (someone)

where

a place or position

English Year 2 Reading Crucial Knowledge Overview

letter

a mark which has a name and a sound. There are 26

vowel

aeiou

consonant

letters which are not vowels

word

a group of letters to make meaning

phoneme

smallest unit of sound within a word. There are 44

phonics

a way of teaching reading using the sounds of letters

digraph

two letters that make a single sound E.g. sh

trigraph

three letters that make a single sound E.g. igh

vocabulary

words

high frequency words (HFW)

words that are used often

common exception words (CEW)

words that can't be sounded out using phonics

text

written work

dictionary

a book of words with their meaning

genre

a style or a type of

rhyme

where words have or end in the same sound

verse

grouping of words in a poem

fiction

text written about imaginary things – not true (E.g. a story)

non-fiction

text written about real things, gives information (E.g. Instructions)

true

real

false

not real

expression

changing your voice to show feeling when reading

fluency

reading words without stopping to 'sound them out'

find and copy

look for and copy **exactly**

infer

work something out based on what you have read

comprehension

understanding the meaning of what is being read

who

a person (someone)

when

a time

where

a place

what

a thing (something), asks for information

how

a way to explain

why

a cause or reason

sequence

things are in an order

predict

tell what might happen based on things you already know

English Year 3 Reading Crucial Knowledge Overview

letter

a mark which has a name and a sound. There are 26

phoneme

smallest unit of sound within a word. There are 44

vowe

aeiou

phonics

a way of teaching reading using the sounds of letters

consonant

letters which are not vowels

digraph

two letters that make a single sound E.g. sh

word

a group of letters to make meaning

trigraph

three letters that make a single sound E.g. igh

high frequency words (HFW)

words that are used often

vocabulary

words

text

written work

dictionary

a book of words with their meaning

genre

common exception words (CEW)

words that can't be sounded out using phonics

a style or a type of

rhyme

where words have or end in the same sound

verse

grouping of words in a poem

true

real

fiction

text written about imaginary things – not true (E.g. a story)

false

not real

non-fiction

text written about real things, gives information (E.g. Instructions)

fluency

reading words without stopping to 'sound them out'

expression

changing your voice to show feeling when reading

find and copy

look for and copy exactly

comprehension

understanding the meaning of what is being read

who

a person (someone)

when a time

where a place

what

a thing (something), asks for information

how

a way to explain

why

a reason or cause

skim

read or look over something quickly to get an idea

scan

look quickly for a certain word or phrase

infer

work something out based on what you have read

retrieve

fetch – get or bring back from somewhere

sequence

things are in an order

predict

tell what might happen based on things you already know

explain

tell me

summarise

tell about the main points of something using only a few sentences

English Year 4 Reading Crucial Knowledge Overview

letter

a mark which has a name and a sound. There are 26

phoneme

smallest unit of sound within a word. There are 44

vowel

aeiou

phonics

a way of teaching reading using the sounds of letters

consonant

letters which are not vowels

digraph

two letters that make a single sound E.g. sh

word

a group of letters to make meaning

trigraph

three letters that make a single sound E.g. igh

high frequency words (HFW)

words that are used often

vocabulary

words

text

written work

dictionary

a book of words with their meaning

genre

common exception words (CEW)

words that can't be sounded out using phonics

a style or a type of

rhyme

where words have or end in the same sound

verse

grouping of words in a poem

true

real

fiction

text written about imaginary things – not true (E.g. a story)

false

not real

non-fiction

text written about real things, gives information (E.g. Instructions)

fluency

reading words without stopping to 'sound them out'

expression

changing your voice to show feeling when reading

find and copy

look for and copy exactly

comprehension

understanding the meaning of what is being read

infer

work something out based on what you have read

who

a person (someone)

when

a time

where

a place

what

a thing (something), asks for information

how

a way to explain

why

a reason or cause

skim

read or look over something quickly to get an idea

scan

look quickly for a certain word or phrase

retrieve

fetch – get or bring back from somewhere

evidence

facts to show something

sequence

things are in an order

predict

tell what might happen based on things you already know

explain

tell me

summarise

tell about the main points of something using only a few sentences

English Year 5 and 6 Reading Crucial Knowledge Overview

letter

a mark which has a name and a sound. There are 26

vowe

aeiou

consonant

letters which are not vowels

word

a group of letters to make meaning

phoneme

smallest unit of sound within a word. There are 44

phonics

a way of teaching reading using the sounds of letters

digraph

two letters that make a single sound E.g. sh

trigraph

three letters that make a single sound E.g. igh

high frequency words (HFW)

words that are used often

common exception words (CEW)

words that can't be sounded out using phonics

vocabulary

words

text

written work

dictionary

a book of words with their meaning

genre

a style or a type of

rhyme

where words have or end in the same sound

verse

grouping of words in a poem

text written about imaginary things – not true (E.g. a story)

fiction

non-fiction

text written about real things, gives information (E.g. Instructions)

true

real

false

not real

fluency

reading words without stopping to 'sound them out'

find and copy

look for and copy exactly

who when a person a time (someone)

where

a place

what

a thing (something), asks for information

how

comprehension

understanding the meaning of what is being read

a way to explain

why

a reason or cause

skim

read or look over something quickly to get an idea

scan

look quickly for a certain word or phrase

infer

expression

changing your voice to show feeling

when reading

work something out based on what you have read

retrieve

fetch – get or bring back from somewhere

sequence

things are in an order

predict

tell what might happen based on things you already know

summarise

tell about the main points of something using only a few sentences

explain

tell me

section

part of something

opinion

thoughts

suggest put forward

evidence

facts to show something something